

# Three Key Challenges Facing Jakarta Before 2030

MAKING PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP WORK

Proff DR Sutanto Soehodho  
Deputy Governor of Jakarta

CITYNET YOKOHAMA CONGRESS 2009

# PROFILES

- Jakarta is not only the Capital City of Indonesia, but also economic, commercial, cultural, and communication hub of Indonesia
- The population of Greater Jakarta (including its hinterlands) is estimated of 25 million people (Jakarta is the fourth largest urban conurbation in the world)
- Approaching 2030, Government of Jakarta face 3 key challenges:
  - How to build a good urban governance.
  - How to develop Jakarta as an eco-friendly city in response global climate change
  - How to encourage Public Private Partnership by integrating local and informal sector to global economy.

# The 1<sup>st</sup> Challenge: Building Good Urban Governance

- Building trust *Transparency, Accountability, and Participation*
- Some efforts to build trust:
  - Encouraging Public Private Participation
  - Easy Access to Information ( by ICT)
  - Empowering Neighborhood Institution
  - HRD and Community Capacity Building
  - Enhancing Building Education
  - Enhancing Urban Health

## The 2<sup>nd</sup> Challenge: Improving the urban environment

- High air pollution (emissions are mainly from transportation)
- High risk of annual flooding (40% city's area below sea level)
- Heavy traffic congestion
- Poor of urban sanitation
- Lack of water supply

## The 2<sup>nd</sup> Challenge.....(2)

Some of the Efforts are:

- Greenery Programs
- Flood Control Programs
- Mass Transportation Programs
- Sanitation Improvement Program
- Improving the Sanitation of Water Supply

# The 3<sup>st</sup> Challenge: Empowering Public Private Partnership by integrating local and informal sectors to global economic

- National and Local Economic Problems
  - Local and Informal sector still play important role
  - Impact of Global Economy
  - Poverty incident (3-4% of Jakarta's population)
  - Generator of national development

# The 3<sup>st</sup> Challenge.....(2)

## Some Efforts

- Product Research for competitiveness
- Developing domestic market
- Subsidies for the small to medium-sized enterprises
- Develop community business center
- Open the access to Financial Institution

# Building Jakarta 2030: A comfortable and prosperous city for all

- Comfortable:
  - Safety
  - Order and peace
- Prosperous:
  - From health and income perspective
- Cooperation / Partnership with:
  - Others governments in Greater Jakarta
  - National Government
  - Local Governments in others countries
  - Private Sector

# Action

- Empowering the community:
  - Awareness
  - Education
  - Participation
- Upgrading Government Capacity:
  - Consistency Policy and Law enforcement
  - Better coordination
  - Giving incentives
  - Government restructuring
  - Changing apparatus's mind set
  - Developing network / cooperation

# Potential Programs for Cooperation

- Transport Sector (e.g., BRT, Toll Roads, MRT)
- Waste Treatments
- Clean Water Process
- Power Plant
- SME's
- Creative Industry

# Concluding Remarks

Government of Jakarta is aware that it is not easy to implementing all the tasks/actions, but through time with continuing and consistency policy, strong leadership and commitments from all stakeholders, the challenges will be overcome